Leeds Best City Ambition

Health & Wellbeing

In 2030 Leeds will be a healthy and caring city for everyone: where those who are most likely to experience poverty improve their mental and physical health the fastest, people are living healthy lives for longer, and are supported to thrive from early years to later life.
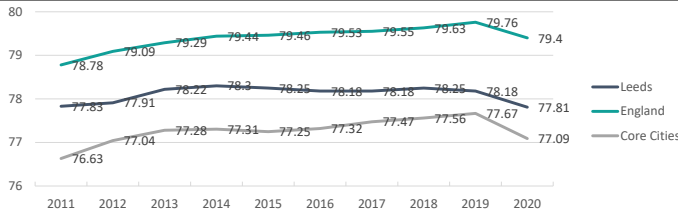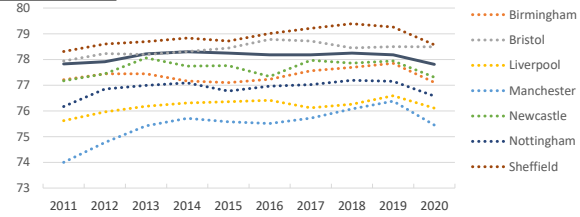
Life Expectancy at Birth

Figures are based on the number of deaths registered and mid-year population estimates, aggregated over 3 consecutive years. Source: ONS.
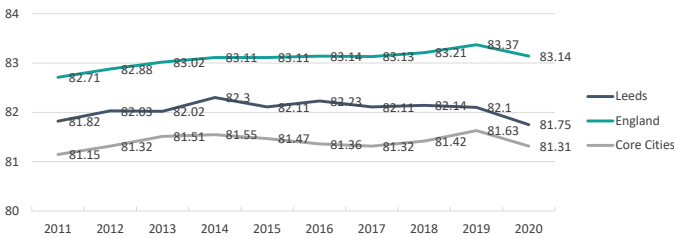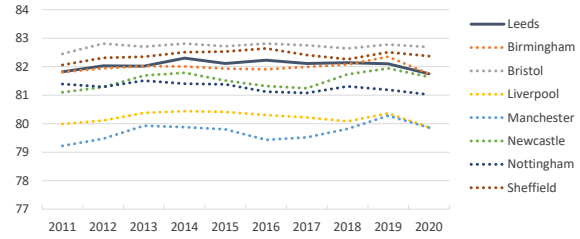
Male

Leeds: 77.83, 77.91, 78.22, 78.3, 78.25, 78.18, 78.18, 78.25, 78.18, 77.81
England: 78.78, 79.09, 79.29, 79.44, 79.46, 79.53, 79.55, 79.63, 79.76, 79.4
Core Cities: 76.63, 77.04, 77.28, 77.31, 77.25, 77.32, 77.47, 77.56, 77.67, 77.09

Core cities (Male)

Legend: Leeds, Birmingham, Bristol, Liverpool, Manchester, Newcastle, Nottingham, Sheffield

Female

Leeds: 81.82, 82.03, 82.02, 82.3, 82.11, 82.23, 82.11, 82.14, 82.1, 81.75
England: 82.71, 82.88, 83.02, 83.11, 83.11, 83.14, 83.13, 83.21, 83.37, 83.14
Core Cities: 81.15, 81.32, 81.51, 81.55, 81.47, 81.36, 81.32, 81.42, 81.63, 81.31

Core cities (Female)

Legend: Leeds, Birmingham, Bristol, Liverpool, Manchester, Newcastle, Nottingham, Sheffield

Health and Wellbeing ● Inclusive Growth ● Zero Carbon

Tackling Poverty and Inequality
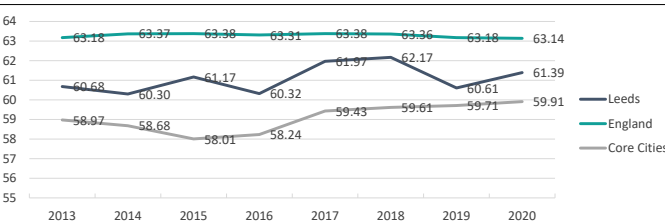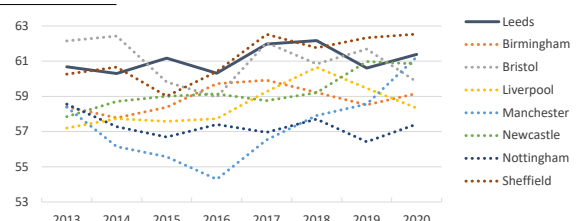
Healthy Life Expectancy

Disability-free life expectancy (DFLE) at birth estimates aggregated over three consecutive years.

Male

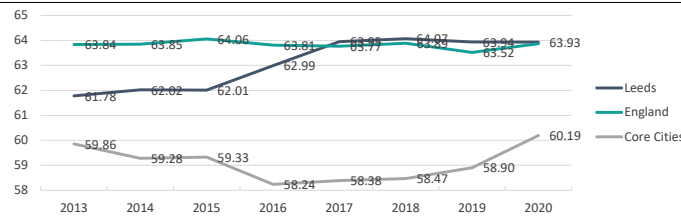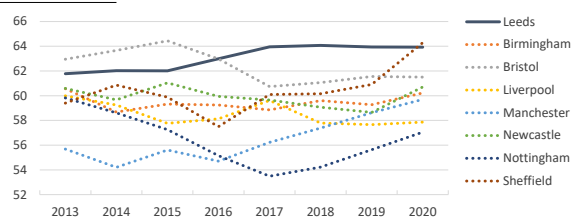Leeds: 60.68, 60.30, 61.17, 60.32, 61.97, 62.17, 60.61, 61.39
England: 63.18, 63.37, 63.38, 63.31, 63.38, 63.36, 63.18, 63.14
Core Cities: 58.97, 58.68, 58.01, 58.24, 59.43, 59.61, 59.71, 59.91

Core cities (Male)

Legend: Leeds, Birmingham, Bristol, Liverpool, Manchester, Newcastle, Nottingham, Sheffield

Female

Leeds: 61.78, 62.02, 62.01, 62.99, 63.77, 64.07, 63.24, 63.93
England: 63.84, 63.85, 64.06, 63.81, 63.99, 64.02, 63.52
Core Cities: 59.86, 59.28, 59.33, 58.24, 58.38, 58.47, 58.90, 60.19

Core cities (Female)

Legend: Leeds, Birmingham, Bristol, Liverpool, Manchester, Newcastle, Nottingham, Sheffield

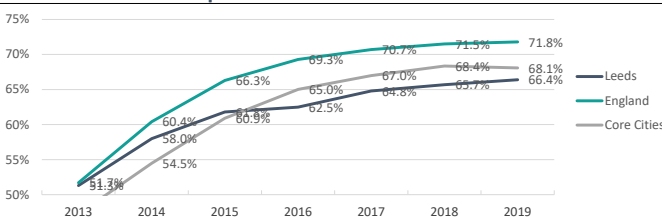Health and Wellbeing ● Inclusive Growth ● Zero Carbon
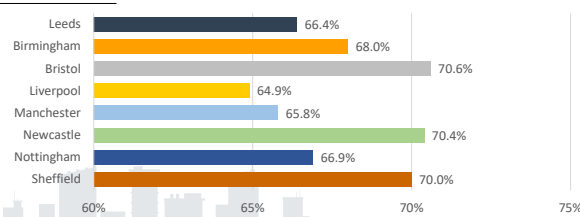
Tackling Poverty and Inequality

Early Years Development

Pupils achieving a good level of development at the end of the Early Years Foundation Stage (EYSF). In 2021 the EYFS profile was not mandatory, therefore data is only currently avaliable up to the 2019 academic year. Source: DfE.

Good level of development at end of EYF

Leeds: 51.3%, 58.0%, 60.9%, 62.5%, 64.8%, 65.7%, 66.4%
England: 51.3%, 60.4%, 66.3%, 69.3%, 70.7%, 71.5%, 71.8%
Core Cities: 54.5%, 60.9%, 65.0%, 67.0%, 68.4%, 68.1%

Core Cities 2019

City	Value
Leeds	66.4%
Birmingham	68.0%
Bristol	70.6%
Liverpool	64.9%
Manchester	65.8%
Newcastle	70.4%
Nottingham	66.9%
Sheffield	70.0%

Health and Wellbeing ● Inclusive Growth ● Zero Carbon

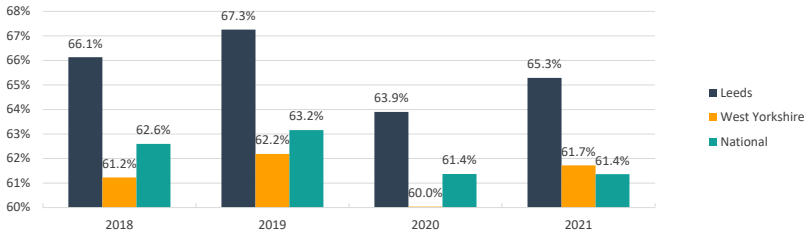Tackling Poverty and Inequality
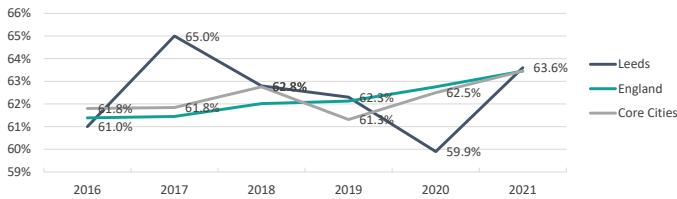
Healthy lifestyles

Physically active adults

Percent of adults active for 150+ minutes a week. Source: OHID (based on the Active Lives Adult Survey, Sport England)

TEAM LEEDS

Legend: ■ Leeds ■ West Yorkshire ■ National

- 2018: Leeds 66.1%, West Yorkshire 61.2%, National 62.6%
- 2019: Leeds 67.3%, West Yorkshire 62.2%, National 63.2%
- 2020: Leeds 63.9%, West Yorkshire 60.0%, National 61.4%
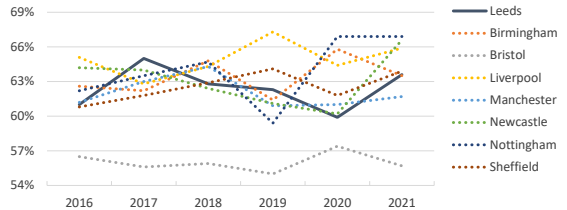- 2021: Leeds 65.3%, West Yorkshire 61.7%, National 61.4%

% of people classed as obese

Percentage of adults (aged 18+) classified as overweight or obese. Source: OHID (Active Lives Adult Survey, Sport England)
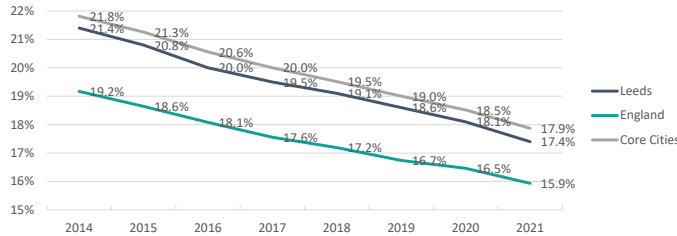
Legend: Leeds, England, Core Cities

- 2016: Leeds 61.0%, England 61.8%
- 2017: Leeds 65.0%, 61.8%
- 2018: 62.8%
- 2019: 62.3%, 61.5%
- 2020: 59.9%, 62.5%
- 2021: 63.6%

Core cities

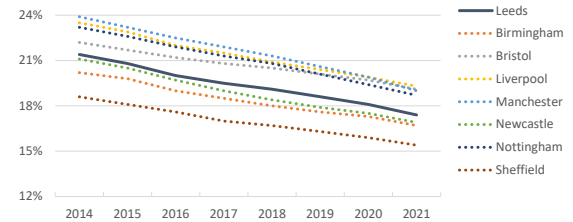Legend: Leeds, Birmingham, Bristol, Liverpool, Manchester, Newcastle, Nottingham, Sheffield

% of people who smoke

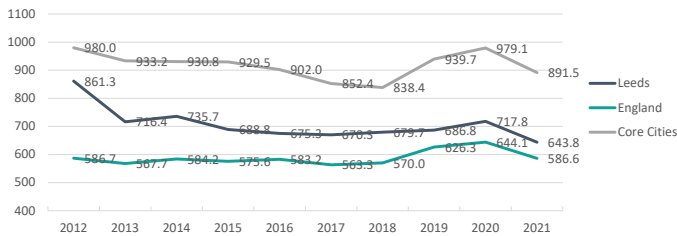*Smoking prevalence in adults (15+) - current smokers (QOF). Source: Quality and Outcomes Framework (QOF), NHS Digital*

Legend: Leeds, England, Core Cities

- 2014: 21.8%, 21.4%, 19.2%
- 2015: 21.3%, 20.8%, 18.6%
- 2016: 20.6%, 20.0%, 18.1%
- 2017: 20.0%, 19.5%, 17.6%
- 2018: 19.5%, 19.1%, 17.2%
- 2019: 19.0%, 18.6%, 16.7%
- 2020: 18.5%, 18.1%, 16.5%
- 2021: 17.9%, 17.4%, 15.9%

Core cities

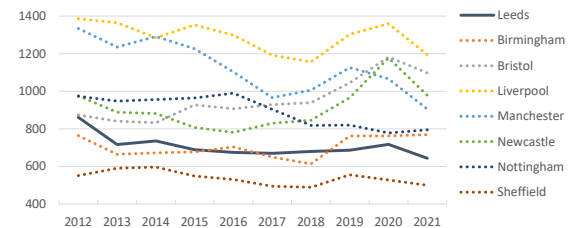Legend: Leeds, Birmingham, Bristol, Liverpool, Manchester, Newcastle, Nottingham, Sheffield

Alcohol related hospital admissions per 100k

Admission episodes for alcohol-specific conditions (Persons). Directly standardised rate per 100k population. Source: OHID.
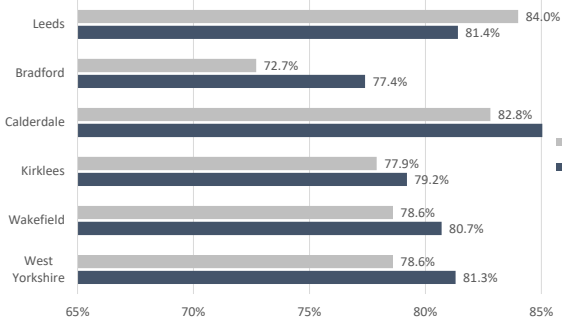
Legend: Leeds, England, Core Cities

- 2012: Core Cities 980.0, Leeds 861.3, England 586.7
- 2013: 933.2, 716.4, 567.7
- 2014: 930.8, 735.7, 584.2
- 2015: 929.5, 688.8, 575.6
- 2016: 902.0, 675.3, 583.2
- 2017: 852.4, 670.3, 563.3
- 2018: 838.4, 679.7, 570.0
- 2019: 939.7, 686.8, 626.3
- 2020: 979.1, 717.8, 644.1
- 2021: 891.5, 643.8, 586.6

Core cities

Legend: Leeds, Birmingham, Bristol, Liverpool, Manchester, Newcastle, Nottingham, Sheffield

Health and Wellbeing ● Inclusive Growth ● Zero Carbon

Tackling Poverty and Inequality

Safe Communites

People who feel safe in their area. Source: OPCC from public surveys in the West Yorkshire areas.

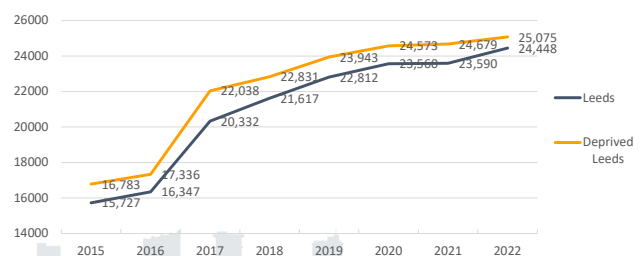### Percent of people who feel safe in their local area

Legend: ■ 2019 ■ 2020

- Leeds: 84.0% (2019), 81.4% (2020)
- Bradford: 72.7% (2019), 77.4% (2020)
- Calderdale: 82.8% (2019)
- Kirklees: 77.9% (2019), 79.2% (2020)
- Wakefield: 78.6% (2019), 80.7% (2020)
- West Yorkshire: 78.6% (2019), 81.3% (2020)

Mentally Healthy

Prevalence of common mental health issues in the general population, age standardised rate per 100k people using GP data from PHE. Measure is unique to Leeds so not comparable with other areas. "Deprived Leeds" means patients living inside the most deprived 10% of the city
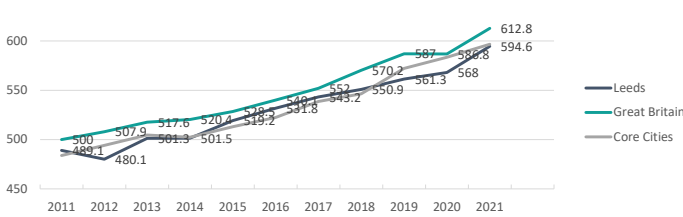
Prevelance of common mental health conditions

Legend: Leeds, Deprived Leeds

- 2015: Leeds 15,727, Deprived Leeds 16,783
- 2016: Leeds 16,347, Deprived Leeds 17,336
- 2017: Leeds 20,332, Deprived Leeds 22,038
- 2018: Leeds 21,617, Deprived Leeds 22,831
- 2019: Leeds 22,812, Deprived Leeds 23,943
- 2020: Leeds 23,568, Deprived Leeds 24,573
- 2021: Leeds 23,590, Deprived Leeds 24,679
- 2022: Leeds 24,448, Deprived Leeds 25,075

Health and Wellbeing ● Inclusive Growth ● Zero Carbon
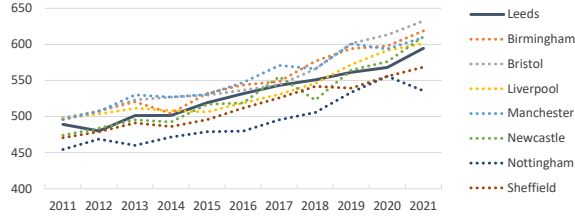
Tackling Poverty and Inequality

Inclusive Growth

Good Jobs

Average gross median weekly earnings for full-time employees ages 16-64. Source: ONS - annual survey of hours and earnings - workplace analysis
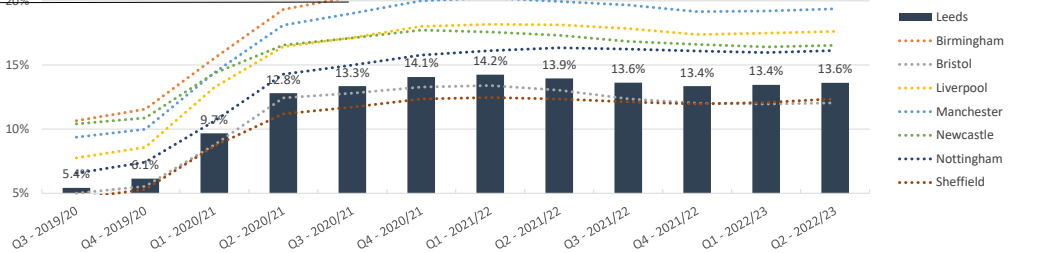
Average gross weekly earnings

Leeds: 480.1, 480.1, 501.3, 501.5, 519.2, 531.8, 543.2, 550.9, 561.3, 568, 594.6
Great Britain: 500, 507.9, 517.6, 520.4, 552, 570.2, 587, 586.8, 612.8
Core Cities

Core cities

Leeds, Birmingham, Bristol, Liverpool, Manchester, Newcastle, Nottingham, Sheffield

Percentage of Universal Credit recipients

Universal Credit claimants as a percentage of the working age population over a 3 year period. Source: DWP

Leeds: 5.4%, 6.1%, 9.7%, 12.8%, 13.3%, 14.1%, 14.2%, 13.9%, 13.6%, 13.4%, 13.4%, 13.6%

Q3 - 2019/20, Q4 - 2019/20, Q1 - 2020/21, Q2 - 2020/21, Q3 - 2020/21, Q4 - 2020/21, Q1 - 2021/22, Q2 - 2021/22, Q3 - 2021/22, Q4 - 2021/22, Q1 - 2022/23, Q2 - 2022/23

Leeds, Birmingham, Bristol, Liverpool, Manchester, Newcastle, Nottingham, Sheffield

Health and Wellbeing ● Inclusive Growth ● Zero Carbon
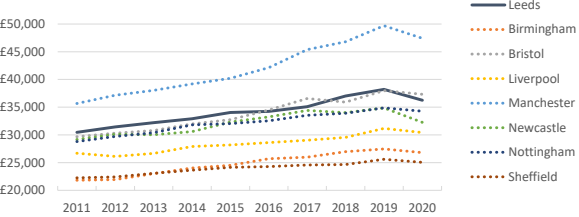
Tackling Poverty and Inequality

A Growing Economy

Local Authority: Gross Domestic Product (GDP) per head at current market prices, pounds million. Source: Regional economic activity by gross domestic product, UK: 1998 to 2020.
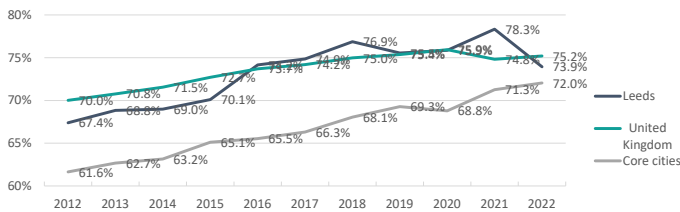
GDP Per Head

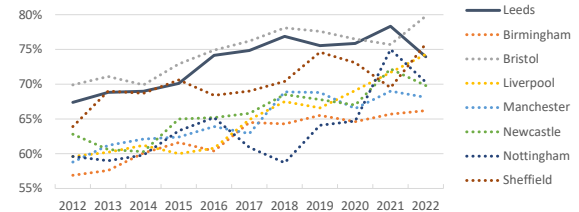Leeds: £30,462, £31,439, £32,205, £32,914, £34,051, £34,237, £35,078, £37,007, £38,211, £36,247
Core Cities: £27,722, £28,256, £28,855, £29,877, £30,591, £31,578, £32,786, £33,118, £34,521, £33,363

Core cities

Leeds, Birmingham, Bristol, Liverpool, Manchester, Newcastle, Nottingham, Sheffield
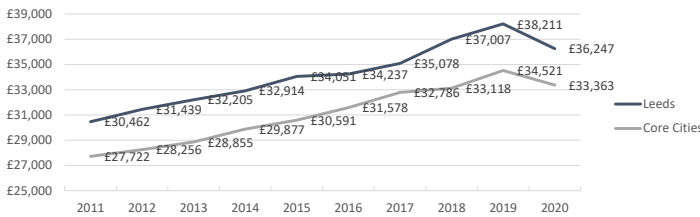
Employment Rates

Employment rate for people age 16-64. source: ONS - annual population survey

Leeds: 67.4%, 68.8%, 69.0%, 70.1%, 73.4%, 74.9%, 76.9%, 75.0%, 78.3%, 73.9%
United Kingdom: 70.0%, 70.8%, 71.5%, 72.7%, 73.7%, 74.2%, 75.4%, 75.9%, 74.8%, 75.2%
Core cities: 61.6%, 62.7%, 63.2%, 65.1%, 65.5%, 66.3%, 68.1%, 69.3%, 68.8%, 71.3%, 72.0%

Core cities

Leeds, Birmingham, Bristol, Liverpool, Manchester, Newcastle, Nottingham, Sheffield

Health and Wellbeing ● Inclusive Growth ● Zero Carbon

Tackling Poverty and Inequality
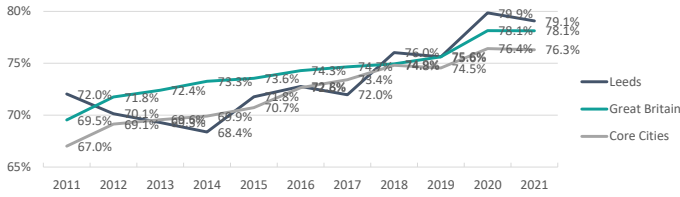
Quality Public Transport

Satisfaction scores for Leeds and West Yorkshire bus services. Satisfaction score out of 10 UK: 1998 to 2020. Source: WYCA - West Yorkshire Residents Perceptions of Transport Survey
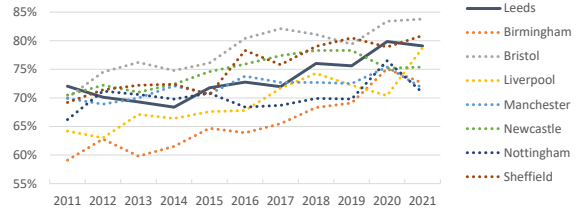
TEAM LEEDS

Satisfaction with Bus Services

Year	Leeds	West Yorkshire
2012	6.6	6.9
2013	6.3	6.8
2014	6.6	6.7
2015	6.7	6.7
2016	6.5	6.7
2017	6.4	6.9
2018	6.1	6.9
2019	7.2	6.7
2020	6.3	6.0
2021	7.5	7.0
2022	6.4	6.2

Health and Wellbeing ● Inclusive Growth ● Zero Carbon

Tackling Poverty and Inequality
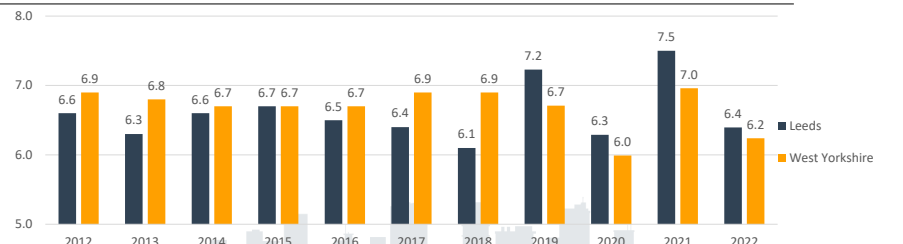
Future Skills

People with at least a level 2 or level 4 qualification. Source: ONS - annual population survey

People with NVQ2 and Above
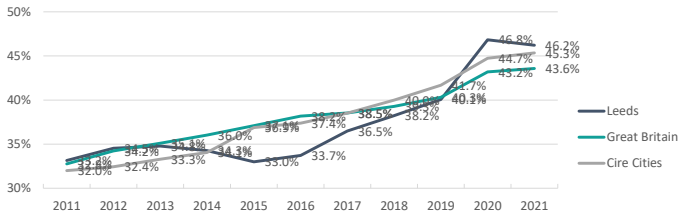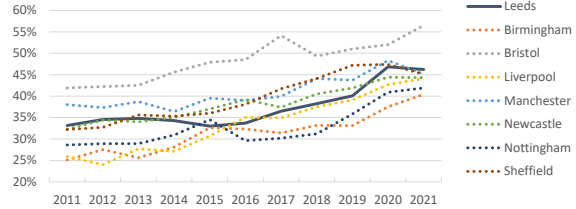

Legend: Leeds, Great Britain, Core Cities

Leeds: 72.0%, 71.8%, 72.4%, ..., 76.0%, 75.6%, 79.9%, 79.1%
Great Britain: 69.5%, 70.1%, 71.8%, 73.3%, 73.6%, 74.3%, 74.2%, 74.8%, 78.1%, 78.1%
Core Cities: 67.0%, 69.1%, 68.9%, 68.4%, 68.9%, 70.7%, 72.0%, 74.5%, 76.4%, 76.3%

Core cities

Legend: Leeds, Birmingham, Bristol, Liverpool, Manchester, Newcastle, Nottingham, Sheffield

People with NVQ4 and Above

Legend: Leeds, Great Britain, Core Cities

Leeds: 32.0%, 34.2%, 34.1%, 33.0%, 36.9%, 37.4%, 38.5%, 40.9%, 41.7%, 46.8%, 46.2%
Great Britain: 33.4%, 33.8%, 34.3%, 35.0%, 33.7%, 36.5%, 38.2%, 40.3%, 44.7%, 45.3%
Core Cities: 32.4%, 33.3%, ..., 43.2%, 43.6%

Core cities

Legend: Leeds, Birmingham, Bristol, Liverpool, Manchester, Newcastle, Nottingham, Sheffield
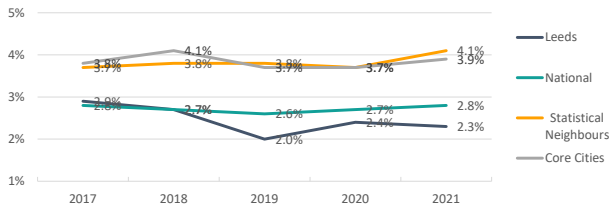
Health and Wellbeing ● Inclusive Growth ● Zero Carbon
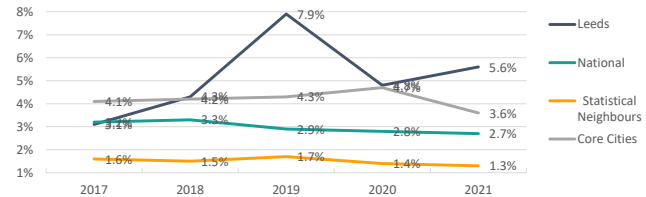
Tackling Poverty and Inequality

Engaged young people

Percentage of young people who are not in engaged in employment, education or training, or whose status is unknown. Statistical Neighbours are local authorities with similar characteristics, calculated by the DfE LAIT tool. Source: DfE

Young people who are NEET

Legend: Leeds, National, Statistical Neighbours, Core Cities

Leeds: 2.8%, ..., 2.0%, 2.4%, 2.3%
National: 2.8%, 2.7%, 2.6%, 2.7%, 2.8%
Statistical Neighbours: 3.7%, 3.8%, 3.7%, 3.7%, 4.1%
Core Cities: 3.8%, 4.1%, 3.9%, 3.9%

Young people who's status is unknown

Legend: Leeds, National, Statistical Neighbours, Core Cities

Leeds: 7.9%, 4.4%, 5.6%
National: 3.1%, 3.3%, 2.9%, 2.8%, 2.7%
Statistical Neighbours: 1.6%, 1.5%, 1.7%, 1.4%, 1.3%
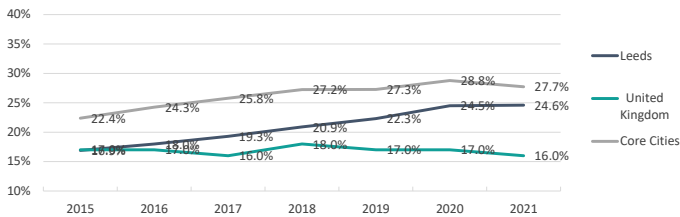Core Cities: 4.1%, 4.2%, 4.3%, 4.3%, 3.6%

Health and Wellbeing ● Inclusive Growth ● Zero Carbon

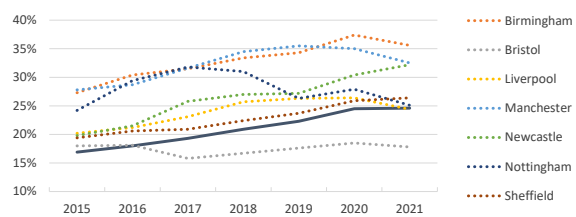**Tackling Poverty and Inequality**

Tackling Poverty

Estimated percentage of children in relative poverty before housing costs. Source: Households below average income (HBAI) statistics (Gov.uk)
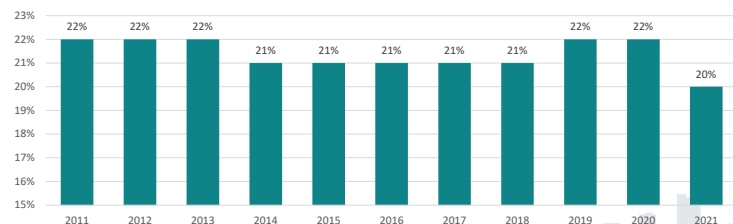
Children in relative poverty **before** housing costs

Legend: Leeds, United Kingdom, Core Cities

Leeds: 18.9%, 18.0%, 19.3%, 20.9%, 22.3%, 24.5%, 24.6%
United Kingdom: 16.9%, 16.0%, 18.0%, 17.0%, 17.0%, 16.0%
Core Cities: 22.4%, 24.3%, 25.8%, 27.2%, 27.3%, 28.8%, 27.7%

Core cities

Legend: Leeds, Birmingham, Bristol, Liverpool, Manchester, Newcastle, Nottingham, Sheffield

People living in relative poverty **after** housing costs

2011: 22%, 2012: 22%, 2013: 22%, 2014: 21%, 2015: 21%, 2016: 21%, 2017: 21%, 2018: 21%, 2019: 22%, 2020: 22%, 2021: 20%

United Kingdom percentage of people living in relative poverty after housing costs – national estimate. Source: HBIA Statistics (gov.uk)

TEAM LEEDS
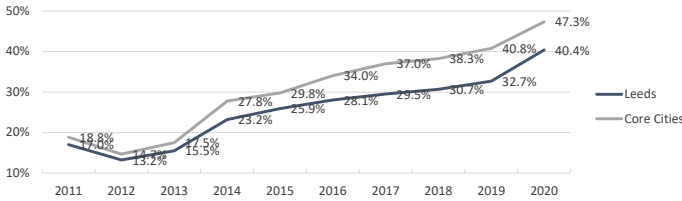
Health and Wellbeing ● Inclusive Growth ● Zero Carbon

Tackling Poverty and Inequality

Zero Carbon

In 2030 Leeds will have made rapid progress towards carbon neutrality, reducing our impact on the planet and doing so in a fair way which improves standards of living in all the city's communities.
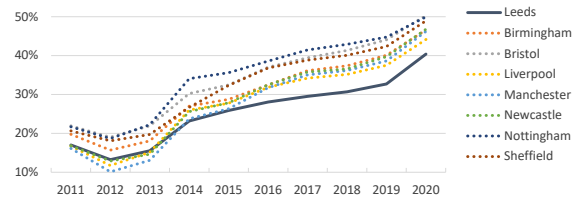
Low Carbon

Reduction in carbon emissions against 2005 baseline - data 2 years behind. BEIS - UK local authority and regional carbon dioxide emissions national statistics.

Reduction in Emissions

Leeds values: 17.5%, 18.8%, 13.2%, 15.5%, 23.2%, 27.8%, 25.9%, 29.8%, 28.1%, 34.0%, 29.5%, 37.0%, 30.7%, 38.3%, 32.7%, 40.8%, 40.4%
Core Cities: reaching 47.3%

Legend: Leeds, Core Cities

Core cities

Legend: Leeds, Birmingham, Bristol, Liverpool, Manchester, Newcastle, Nottingham, Sheffield
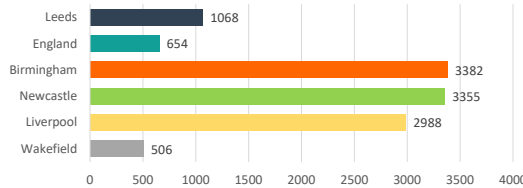
Health and Wellbeing ● Inclusive Growth ● Zero Carbon   *Tackling Poverty and Inequality*

Increasing Biodiversity

Population per one hectare of Local Nature Reserve spaces. Source: Publication in Town & County Planning by John Box in 2021.

Area	Value
Leeds	1068
England	654
Birmingham	3382
Newcastle	3355
Liverpool	2988
Wakefield	506

Reducing Flood Risk

Number of residential and commercial properties moved to a lower level of flood risk. Figure increases in steps when relevant large schemes complete. Source: LCC Flood Risk Management (from Environment Agency)

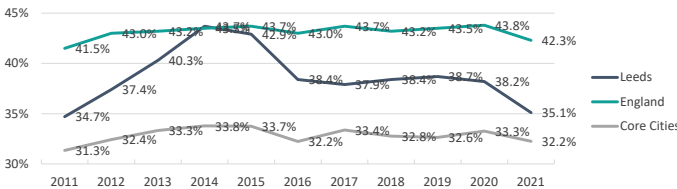| Residential (2017)	Commercial (2017)
504	3261

Health and Wellbeing ● Inclusive Growth ● Zero Carbon   *Tackling Poverty and Inequality*
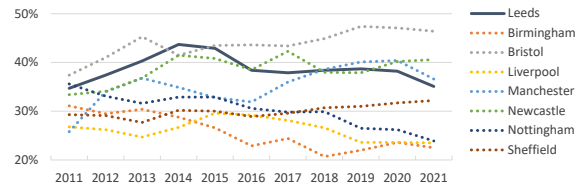
Waste Reduction

The percentage of household waste arisings sent for reuse, recycling, composting or anaerobic digestion. Source: Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs

Household Waste Recycled

Leeds: 34.7%, 37.4%, 40.3%, 43.7%, 43.7%, 38.4%, 37.9%, 38.4%, 38.7%, 38.2%, 35.1%
England: 41.5%, 43.0%, 43.2%, 43.7%, 42.9%, 43.0%, 43.7%, 43.2%, 43.5%, 43.8%, 42.3%
Core Cities: 31.3%, 32.4%, 33.3%, 33.8%, 33.7%, 32.2%, 33.4%, 32.8%, 32.6%, 33.3%, 32.2%

Legend: Leeds, England, Core Cities

Core cities

Legend: Leeds, Birmingham, Bristol, Liverpool, Manchester, Newcastle, Nottingham, Sheffield
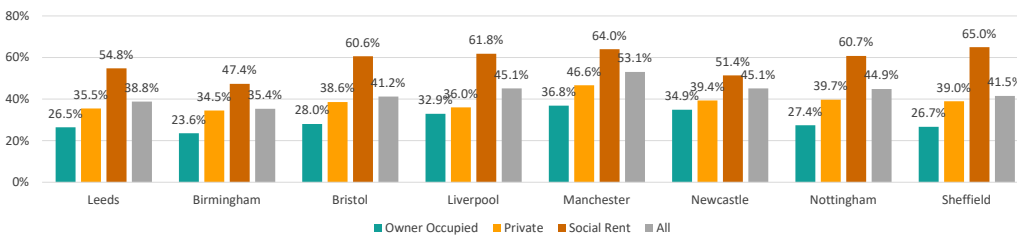
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Energy Efficient Homes

Proportion of homes with EPC C or better by tenure

City	Owner Occupied	Private	Social Rent	All
Leeds	26.5%	35.5%	54.8%	38.8%
Birmingham	23.6%	34.5%	47.4%	35.4%
Bristol	28.0%	38.6%	60.6%	41.2%
Liverpool	32.9%	36.0%	61.8%	45.1%
Manchester	36.8%	46.6%	64.0%	53.1%
Newcastle	34.9%	39.4%	51.4%	45.1%
Nottingham	27.4%	39.7%	60.7%	44.9%
Sheffield	26.7%	39.0%	65.0%	41.5%

Percentage of dwellings with EPC Band 'C' or above, Source: ONS
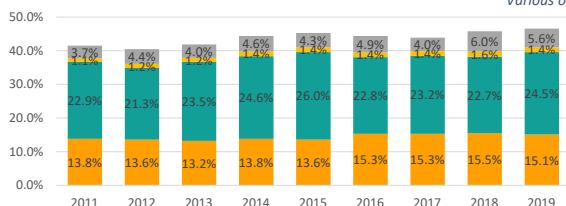
TEAM LEEDS

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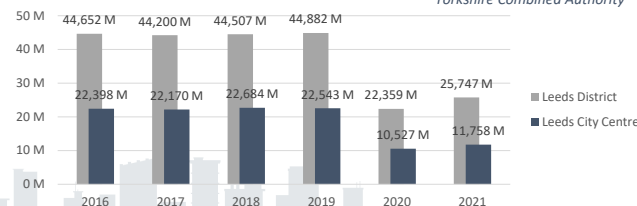
Sustainable Travel

Sustainable Travel Modes

Leeds Morning peak weekday mode share on radial routes approaching City Centre. Source: Various operators

Walk: 3.7%, 4.4%, 4.0%, 4.6%, 4.3%, 4.9%, 4.0%, 6.0%, 5.6%
Cycle: 1.1%, 1.2%, 1.2%, 1.4%, 1.4%, 1.4%, 1.4%, 1.6%, 1.4%
Bus: 22.9%, 21.3%, 23.5%, 24.6%, 26.0%, 22.8%, 23.2%, 22.7%, 24.5%
Rail: 13.8%, 13.6%, 13.2%, 13.8%, 13.6%, 15.3%, 15.3%, 15.5%, 15.1%

Legend: Walk, Cycle, Bus, Rail

Bus Boardings - Leeds

Number of bus boardings and change against previous year. Source: West Yorkshire Combined Authority

Year	Leeds District	Leeds City Centre
2016	44,652 M	22,398 M
2017	44,200 M	22,170 M
2018	44,507 M	22,684 M
2019	44,882 M	22,543 M
2020	22,359 M	10,527 M
2021	25,747 M	11,758 M

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